MEDICAID POLICY INFORMATION SHEET

Policy Analyst: Lisa DiLernia						
Phone Number: 517-284-	1203					
Initial	Public Comment 🛚	Final 🗌				
Brief description of police	cy:					
This bulletin updates MD care to allow coverage of	•	ioner services related to hospital observation d 24 hours.				
Reason for policy (probl	em being addressed):					
	spital observation care s	overed for up to 24 hours of care. MDHHS ervices beyond 24 hours. This discrepancy in actitioners.				
Budget implication: ☐ budget neutral ☐ will cost MDHHS \$ current appropriation ☐ will save MDHHS \$	\$ \$822,665 gross, (\$209,359 general fund), and is not budgeted in					
Is this policy change mandated per federal requirements?						
No.						
Does policy have operat	ional implications on c	ther parts of MDHHS?				
None anticipated.						
Does policy have operational implications on other departments?						
None anticipated.						
Summary of input: controversial acceptable to most/all limited public interest/o	• .					
Supporting Documentat	ion:					
State Plan Amendment Roll If Yes, please provide stated Plan Approved Pend Date: Approva	us: ing Denied	Public Notice Required: Yes No If yes, Submission Date:				

1/18 Policy Info Sheet

DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT						
Michigan Donartment of						
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services		Project Number: 2259-Practitioner Date: February 2, 2023				
	May Lisa <u>diler</u>	rch 9, 2023 y 1, 2023 a DiLernia, Policy Specialist ernial@michigan.gov 7-284-1203 Fax:				
Policy Subject: Update to Coverage of Professional Hospital Outpatient Observation Care Services						
Affected Programs: Medicaid, Healthy Michigan Plan, Maternity Outpatient Medical Services (MOMS), Children's Special Healthcare Services (CSHCS)						
Distribution: Hospitals, Practitioners						
Summary: This bulletin updates Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) coverage of practitioner services related to hospital observation care to allow for coverage and reimbursement of services provided beyond 24 hours.						
Purpose: The purpose of this bulletin is to align coverage of practitioner observation care services with outpatient hospital reimbursement which covers observation care services beyond 24 hours of care.						
Cost Implications: \$822,665 gross, \$209,359 general fund						
Potential Hearings & Appeal Issues: None anticipated.						
State Plan Amendment Re If yes, date submitted:	quire	ed: Yes 🗌 No 🖂	Public Notice Re Submitted date:	equired: Yes 🗌 No 🖂		
Tribal Notification: Yes ☐ No ⊠ - Date:						
THIS SECTION COMPLETED BY RECEIVER						
☐ Approved			No Comments	D . L.		
☐ Disapproved	☐ See Comments Below ☐ Disapproved ☐ See Comments in Text					
Signature:			Phone Number			
Signature Printed:						

Comment001 Revised 6/16

Date

Bureau/Administration (please print)

Proposed Policy Draft

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Behavioral & Physical Health and Aging Services Administration

Distribution: Hospitals, Practitioners

Issued: April 1, 2023 (Proposed)

Subject: Update to Coverage of Professional Hospital Outpatient Observation

Care Services

Effective: May 1, 2023 (Proposed)

Programs Affected: Medicaid, Healthy Michigan Plan, Maternity Outpatient Medical

Services (MOMS), Children's Special Health Care Services (CSHCS)

The purpose of this bulletin is to update coverage parameters for professional hospital outpatient observation care services. Effective for dates of service on and after May 1, 2023, the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) will cover medically necessary professional hospital outpatient observation care services beyond 24 hours when provided in accordance with Medicaid policy.

Hospital Observation Care Services

Medicaid covers practitioner evaluation and management services related to hospital observation care. Observation care services are a well-defined set of specific, clinically-appropriate hospital outpatient services. Professional services include the ongoing short-term treatment, assessment, and reassessment necessary to determine whether a beneficiary will require further treatment as a hospital inpatient or if they are able to be discharged from the hospital. In most cases, the decision whether to discharge a beneficiary from the hospital or to admit the beneficiary as an inpatient can be made in less than 24-48 hours. In rare and exceptional cases, observation services may span more than 48 hours.

The medical record must include the following documentation:

- The order for observation care services by a Medicaid-enrolled healthcare provider;
- Progress and discharge notes completed by the rendering provider;
- The billing provider was present and personally performed the services; and
- The total length of time of the observation stay.

Reporting of Professional Outpatient Hospital Observation Care Services

Practitioners shall report only one observation care Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code for an initial visit, a subsequent visit, or inpatient or observation care (including admission and discharge), as appropriate, once per calendar date. The selected code must reflect all of

the practitioner's services provided during the date of the service with the following considerations:

- If a beneficiary receives less than eight hours of observation services, the practitioner is to report only initial observation care (e.g., 99221 through 99223). Practitioners will not be reimbursed for, nor should they report CPT codes representing, same-day admission/discharge or observation care discharge day management services.
- If a beneficiary receives observation care services for a minimum of eight hours but less than 24 hours, the practitioner should report the same-day discharge code which includes both admission and discharge as part of a single service (e.g., 99234 through 99236).
- If a beneficiary begins observation services and is then discharged after more than 24 hours, the practitioner may report an observation care code (e.g., CPT codes 99221 through 99223) for the date of admission, and a hospital discharge day management service (e.g., CPT code 99238 or 99239) on the date of discharge.

Time or medical decision making (MDM) may be utilized in the selection of the level of observation care service. When using time for code selection, a continuous service that spans the transition of two calendar dates is a single service and is reported on one date, which is the date the encounter begins. If the service is continuous before and through midnight, all the time may be applied to the reported date of the service (i.e., the calendar date the encounter began).

Special Considerations

When a beneficiary is admitted to observation status in the course of an encounter in another site of service (e.g., hospital, emergency department, practitioner office, nursing facility), all services provided by the practitioner in conjunction with that admission are considered part of the initial hospital observation care when performed on the same calendar date as the admission.

Observation care services should not be reported for monitoring that is inclusive of, or included in payment for, a surgical, diagnostic, or therapeutic procedure. For outpatient surgical procedures, the global surgery rules apply. The surgeon is responsible for all post-operative care in the hospital and observation care is not covered separately.

Observation care services and inpatient hospital services for psychiatric reasons must be authorized by the Prepaid Inpatient Health Plan (PIHP)/Community Mental Health Services Program (CMHSP). The PIHP/CMHSP is responsible for coverage of authorized psychiatric observation care services.

Refer to the <u>MDHHS Medicaid Provider Manual</u> for information regarding program coverage of facility claims for outpatient hospital observation care services.